# INTHEUNITEDSTATESDISTRICTCOURT FORTHEEASTERNDISTRICTOFPENNSYLVANIA

THETRAVELERSINDEMNITY : CIVILACTION

COMPANY, :

Plaintiff,

: NO.01-CV-78

v. :

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STEPHENH.WARD, and :

SALLYFELICIANO, :

Defendants. :

# **MEMORANDUM**

BUCKWALTER,J. September20,2002

PresentlybeforetheCourtareDefendants'MotionforSummaryDeclaratory

Judgment,Defendants'MotionforSanctionsPursuanttoFed.R.Civ.P.11andPlaintiff's

MotionforSummaryJudgment.Forthereasonsstatedbelow,Defendants'MotionforSummary

DeclaratoryJudgmentis GRANTED,Defendants'MotionforSanctionsPursuanttoFed.R.Civ.

P.11is DENIEDandPlaintiff'sMotionforSummaryJudgmentis DENIED.

#### I.BACKGROUND

OnJune26,1999,DefendantStephenWard("Ward")andhiswifeJanetWard hadabackyardbarbecueattheirhome.InattendanceweretheWard's,theirthreechildren,Mrs. Ward'smotherandtheWard'sneighbor,DefendantSallyFeliciano("Feliciano").Asitwasa hotsummerday,theattendeeswerecoolingthemselvesoffwithwatergunswhichtheyfilledin anapproximatelythree-foothighinflatablekiddiepoolownedbytheWards.

Atonepoint, while Felician owas filling herwater gun, Wardbelieved that she was going to gethim wet, so he decided to dunk her in the pool. When Felician of in is hed filling herwater gun, she went behind Ward. Ward turned around and grabbed her, interlocking their arms, and threw her into the pool. Wardlanded on to pof Felician oin the water. He heard aloud crack under the water, which he later realized was Felician o's left arm breaking. Felician og ot up from the pools creaming and holding her dangling arm. Wardquickly took Felician oto St.

Luke's Hospital where she was admitted for emergency surgery for a bicondy lar fracture of the distal humer us with displacement. She suffered a permanent, residual in jury as a result of this event.

FelicianofiledsuitagainstWardintheCourtofCommonPleasofNorthampton County,Pennsylvania,seekingdamagesforbodilyinjury.Asaresult,Wardfiledaclaimwith hisinsurancecompany,TravelersIndemnityCompany("Travelers"or "Plaintiff"),seekinga defenseandindemnificationbyTravelers.Atthetimeoftheincident,Wardhadahomeowner's insurancepolicywithTravelers,whichcoveredpersonalliabilityclaimsfor "bodilyinjury" causedbyan "occurrence".Thepolicydefinedanoccurrenceas "anaccident,including continuousorrepeatedexposuretosubstantiallythesamegenerallyharmfulconditionswhich results,duringthepolicyperiod,inbodilyinjury".Ward'sHomeownersPolicy,Definitions,p.

 $In are servation of right sletter of August 16,2000, Travelers denied coverage, \\ claiming that the intended harmex clusionary clause of the policy precluded Ward from being \\ entitled to a defense and in demnification. Travelers laterargued that it did not rely on this \\ exclusion, but rather, did not grant coverage because the incident did not constitute an \\$ 

"occurrence" as defined by the policy. Ward and Felician oclaim that Ward neither expected nor intended to injure Feliciano, and that the injury was an accident. As such, Defendants believe the incident falls within the policy's definition of an occurrence and should trigger coverage by Travelers.

TravelersfiledaDeclaratoryJudgmentComplaintagainstbothWardand FelicianoandasubsequentMotionforSummaryJudgment.FelicianofiledaMotiontoDismiss, whichthisCourtdenied.FelicianothenfiledaMotionforSummaryDeclaratoryJudgmentanda MotionforSanctionsPursuanttoFed.R.Civ.P.11.WardlaterjoinedinbothofFeliciano's pendingmotions.

#### **II.STANDARDOFREVIEW**

# A. MotionforSummaryJudgment

Amotionforsummaryjudgmentwillbegrantedwherealloftheevidence demonstrates"thatthereisnogenuineissueastoanymaterialfactandthatthemovingpartyis entitledtojudgmentasamatteroflaw".Fed.R.Civ.P.56(c).Adisputeaboutamaterialfactis genuine"iftheevidenceissuchthatareasonablejurycouldreturnaverdictforthenonmoving party." <a href="mailto:Andersonv.LibertyLobby,Inc.">Andersonv.LibertyLobby,Inc.</a>,477U.S.242,248(1986).Sinceagrantofsummary judgmentwilldenyapartyitschanceincourt,allinferencesmustbedrawninthelightmost favorabletothepartyopposingthemotion. <a href="mailto:U.S.v.Diebold,Inc.">U.S.v.Diebold,Inc.</a>,369U.S.654,655(1962).

Theultimatequestionindeterminingwhetheramotionforsummaryjudgment shouldbegranted,is"whetherreasonablemindsmaydifferastotheverdict." Schoonejongenv. <a href="https://www.curtiss-WrightCorp.">Curtiss-WrightCorp.</a>,143F.3d120,129(3dCir.1998)."Onlydisputesoverfactsthatmight

affect the outcome of the suitunder the governing law will properly preclude the entry of summary judgment." <u>Anderson</u>, 477 U.S. at 248.

## B. MotionforSanctionsPursuanttoFed.R.Civ.P.11

Fed.R.Civ.P.11reads:

(b)...Bypresentingtothecourt...apleading, motionorotherpaper, an attorney or unrepresented partyiscertifyingthattothebestoftheperson's knowledge,information,andbelief,formedafteran inquiryreasonableunderthecircumstances,-(1) [thepleading,motionorotherpaper]isnotbeing presentedforanyimproperpurpose, suchasto harassortocauseunnecessarydelayorneedless increase in the cost of litigation; (2) the claims, defenses, and other legal contentions therein are warrantedbyexistinglaworbyanonfrivolous argumentfortheextension, modification, or reversalofexistinglawortheestablishmentofnew law;(3)theallegationsandotherfactualcontentions have evidentiary supportor, if specifically so identified, are likely to have evidentiary support afterareasonableopportunityforfurther investigationordiscovery; and (4) the denials of factualcontentionsarewarrantedontheevidence or, if specifically so identified, are reasonable based onalackofinformationorbelief.

(c)(1)(A)...Amotionforsanctionsunderthisrule shallbemadeseparatelyfromothermotionsor requestsandshalldescribethespecificconduct allegedtoviolatesubdivision(b).It...shallnotbe filedwithorpresentedtothecourtunless,within21 daysafterserviceofthemotion(orsuchother periodasthecourtmayprescribe),thechallenged paper,claim,defense,contention,allegation,or denialisnotwithdrawnorappropriatelycorrected.

Fed.R.Civ.P.11(b)and(c)(1)(A).

BadfaithisnotrequiredinordertoimposeRule11sanctions. Martinv.Brown, 63F.3d1252,1264(3dCir.1995). "ThecorrectRule11inquiryis' whether, atthetime he filed the complaint, counsel... could reasonably have argued in support of his legal theory." Pensiero v.Lingle ,847F.2d90,96(3dCir.1988).Anattorney'sconductshouldbetestedundera standardofwhatwas" objectively reasonable under the circumstances". Simmermany.Corino . 27F.3d58,62(3dCir.1994). "Tocomplywiththis standard, counsel must conduct a reasonableinvestigationofthefactsandanormallycompetentleveloflegalresearchtosupport the presentation'." Id. Simply failing to with standamotion for summary judgment or amotion todismissisnotproofenoughtoestablishaRule11violation. Id."[O]nlyif'thefilingofthe complaintconstitutedabusivelitigationormisuseofthecourt'sprocess'"isthereasufficient basisforsanctions. Id.

#### **III.DISCUSSION**

# A. Defendants' Motion for Summary Declaratory Judgment and Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment

Defendants,infilingtheirMotionforSummaryDeclaratoryJudgment,relied uponPlaintiff'sAugust16,2000reservationofrightsletter,whichstatedthatWard'scoverage wasdeniedbecauseoftheintendedharmexclusionaryclausecontainedinhispolicy.Ward's policystatesthat"medicalpaymentstoothersdonotapplytobodilyinjuryorpropertydamage whichisexpectedorintendedbyanyinsured".Ward'sHomeownersPolicy,SectionII-Exclusions,CoverageE,p.15.DefendantsarguethatthereisnoquestionthatWard'sconduct wasaccidentalandtheinjuryinflicteduponFelicianoinnowayconstitutedanexpectedor intendedharm.

Initsresponsebrief, Plaintiff contends that the intended harmex clusionary clause is not the basis for its denial of coverage for Ward. Rather, Plaintiff argues that Ward's conduct was not an "occurrence", as defined by the policy, because his act of throwing Feliciano into the pool was intentional. Plaintiff contends that, since the policy only covers bodily in jury caused by an occurrence, there is no coverage in this instance. Plaintiff's response brief focuses on the argument that Plaintiff is not precluded from raising an occurrence defense, even though it had no traised this defense in its reservation of rights letter. Plaintiff argues that an insurer can raise additional defenses to coverage other than those initially made in a reservation of rights letter.

The Courtagrees that Plaintiff is entitled to raise an ew defense to coverage that it did not originally raise. See Nationwide Mutual Ins. Co.v. Nixon \_\_\_,682A.2d1310,1314 (Pa. Super. 1996). However, the Court finds that it does not matter which of these arguments Plaintiff asserts, because both hinge upon whether Ward's conduct was intentional. This is an issue that Plaintiff fails to discuss properly in its reply brief or in its Briefin Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiff does not define intentional conductor accident in these briefs. Plaintiff merely alleges that Ward repeatedly admitted that his act was intentional, and, assuch, his act does not constitute an occurrence or an accident.

AsPlaintiffproperlypointsoutinitsBriefinSupportofPlaintiff'sMotionfor SummaryJudgment,itisgenerallytheroleoftheCourtandnotofajurytointerpretaninsurance policy. StandardVenetianBlindCo.v.Am.EmpireIns.Co. \_\_\_\_,469A.2d563,566(Pa.1983).In sodoing,theCourtmustgiveeffecttolanguagethatisclear,butwhereapolicyprovisionis ambiguous,theCourtmustconstruetheprovisioninfavoroftheinsuredandagainsttheinsurer. Id.InWard'spolicy,anoccurrenceisdefinedas"anaccident...whichresults...inbodily

injury".Ward'sHomeownersPolicy,Definitions,p.1.Thetermaccidentisnotdefinedinthe policy.Whenundefinedlanguageinapolicyisclearandunambiguous,theCourtmustgive suchlanguageits"ordinaryandpopularmeaning". <u>EddystoneFireCo.v.ContinentalIns.Co.</u>, 425A.2d803,805(Pa.1981).Black'sLawDictionarydefinesanaccidentas"anunusualor unexpectedresultattendingtheperformanceofausualactorevent".Black'sLawDictionary14 (SpecialDeluxe5 <sup>th</sup>ed.1979).

AsDefendants'BriefinSupportofDefendants'MotionforSummaryDeclaratory

Judgmentindicates,andasPlaintiffdoesnotdispute,WardintendedtodunkFelicianointhe

pool,buthedidnotintendnorexpecttoinjureher."Aninsuredintendsinjuryifhedesiredto

causetheconsequencesofhisactorifheactedknowingthatsuchconsequenceswere

substantiallycertaintoresult." Wileyv.StateFarmFire&Cas.Co. \_\_\_,995F.2d457,460(3dCir.

1993).Indeterminingtheinsured'sintent,theCourtistoapplyasubjectivestandard.

Kirkpatrickv.AIUIns.Co. \_\_,204F.Supp.2d850,854(E.D.Pa.2002)."Thusitisnotsufficient

thattheinsuredintendedhis actions;rather,fortheresultinginjurytobeexcludedfrom

coverage,theinsuredmusthavespecificallyintended tocauseharm." Id.

Asitbecomeslesslikelythattheresultinginjurywouldbeaconsequenceofthe insured'sact, and there is not a substantial certainty of the consequence, the insured's conduct no longer can be described as intended conduct. Instead, the conduct constitutes reckless behavior. <a href="United Services Auto. Ass'nv. Elitzky">United Services Auto. Ass'nv. Elitzky</a>, 358 Pa. Super. 362, 376 (1986). "[C] on duct which is reckless... does not equate to intentional conduct, but, rather, constitutes an accident or occurrence." <a href="Kirkpatrick, 204F. Supp. 2dat 854">Kirkpatrick, 204F. Supp. 2dat 854</a>.

AlthoughWardclearlyinflictedaninjuryuponFeliciano,hisactof"dunking"her wasmerelyaplayfulprankwithunintendedconsequences.WardandFeliciano,aswellasthe othersatthebarbecuethatday,hadallbeenengaginginharmlessgamesthroughouttheday. Ward'sbehaviorwasanextensionofthisplayfulbehavior.Heexhibitednoillwilltoward Feliciano.Thiswascertainlynotan"assault"oran"attack"onFelicianoasthePlaintiff attemptstomaketheCourtbelieve.Thereisnoevidencetodisputethefactthattheinjurywas anaccident,andthereforeanoccurrenceunderthetermsofWard'spolicy.Accordingly,viewing theinferencesinalightmostfavorabletoPlaintiff,noreasonablejurycouldreturnaverdictin favorofPlaintiff,andDefendantsareentitledtojudgmentasamatteroflaw.Defendants' MotionforSummaryDeclaratoryJudgmentisgranted.

## B. Defendants' Motion for Sanctions Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P.11

 $The proper procedure for filing a motion for Rule 11 sanctions is to file this \\ motion separate from all other motions. In addition, this motion should not be filed or presented \\ to the Court unless the opposing party does not with draw or correct the challenged paper within \\ 21 days of service on that party. Fed. R. Civ. P. 11(c)(1)(A).$ 

Fed.R.Civ.P.11isviolatedwhenpleadingsarepresentedforanimproper purpose, suchas "toharassortocauseunnecessarydelayorneedlessincreaseinthecostof litigation". Martinv.Brown \_,63F.3d1252,1264(3dCir.1995), citingFed.R.Civ.P.11.In ordertocomplywithRule11,counsel "mustconductareasonableinvestigationofthefactsand anormallycompetentleveloflegalresearchtosupportthepresentation". Simmerman,27F.3d at62.

Byresearchingthefactsofthiscaseandtherelevantlaw, it is difficult to see how Plaintiff can reasonably argue that Ward's conduct was not an accident or an occurrence to be covered under his policy. Accordingly, it is possible that sanctions might be appropriate in this situation. However, the court notes that even if the Plaintiff's conduct was sanctionable, Defendant's Motion for Sanctions Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 11 was filed in the same document as Defendants' Motion for Summary Declaratory Judgment, contrary to the plain language of that rule. Furthermore, Plaintiff was not given the appropriate 21 daywindow to with draw or correct its complaint before Defendants filed their Motion with the Court. Defendants' Motion for Sanctions Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. will be denied.

# **IV.CONCLUSION**

Fortheforegoingreasons, Defendants' Motionfor Summary Declaratory Judgmentisgranted, and Plaintiff's Motionfor Summary Judgmentisdenied. Further, Defendants' Motionfor Sanctions Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 11 is denied.

Anappropriate order follows.

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THETRAVELERSINDEMNITY : CIVILACTION

COMPANY,

Plaintiff, :

: NO.01-CV-78

v. :

:

STEPHENH.WARD,and

SALLYFELICIANO,

Defendants. :

## **ORDER**

ANDNOW,this20 thdayofSeptember,2002,uponconsiderationofDefendants

StephenWard'sandSallyFeliciano'sMotionforSummaryDeclaratoryJudgmentandMotionfor

SanctionsPursuanttoFed.R.Civ.P.11(DocketNo.11),andPlaintiff'sresponsethereto,andupon

considerationofPlaintiffTravelersIndemnityCompany'sMotionforSummaryJudgment(Docket

No.13),andDefendants'responsethereto,itishereby ORDEREDthatDefendants'Motionfor

SummaryDeclaratoryJudgmentis GRANTED,Defendants'MotionforSanctionsPursuanttoFed.

R.Civ.P.11is DENIED,andPlaintiff'sMotionforSummaryJudgmentis DENIED.

JudgmentisenteredinfavorofDefendantsStephenH.WardandSallyFeliciano

andagainstPlaintiffTravelersIndemnityCompany.

Thiscaseis **CLOSED**.